

~~Pipe Bending Machine with Pipe Feed and Mandrel Retractor~~ PIPE BENDING  
MACHINE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to a pipe bending machine with a bending tool, a pipe feed by means of which a pipe that is to be bent can be advanced along its longitudinal axis ~~toward said~~ towards the bending tool, a pipe holder that is guided in the longitudinal direction of the pipe in a linear guide unit provided on the machine base and movable by a pipe feed drive system with a drive mechanism mounted on the machine base, and a mandrel retractor by means of which a bending mandrel mounted on a mandrel bar that extends in the longitudinal direction of the pipe on the bending- tool side can be moved back and forth in the axial direction of the pipe between a working position and a retracted position, ~~said~~. The mandrel retraction device ~~featuring~~ includes a mandrel bar support that is guided in the longitudinal direction of the pipe by a linear guide unit provided on the machine base and can be moved by means of a mandrel bar drive unit operated by a drive system located on the machine base.

A pipe bending machine of ~~that~~ this type ~~is known and has been described in DE-~~ A-40 10 445. In ~~that~~ this prior- art system, the pipe to be bent is clamped between a bending template and the clamping jaw of a bending tool and is then shaped by turning the bending template and rotating the clamping jaw around a bending axis. The pipe is advanced relative to the bending tool by means of a pipe feed with a feed carriage that can be moved in the longitudinal direction of the pipe. ~~That~~ The carriage is equipped with a clamping sleeve that holds the pipe at its far end ~~facing away~~ spaced from the

bending tool. The feed carriage of this prior- art pipe bending machine is moved in the longitudinal direction of the pipe by a toothed belt driven by a motor mounted on the machine base. In the direction of its linear travel, the feed carriage is guided by guide rollers that are themselves controlled by a longitudinal guide on the machine base.

A bending mandrel that, when in its working position next to the bending tool, is inserted in the pipe to be bent, making certain that during the bending process the cross- sectional profile of the pipe is not deformed. Just before a bending process is completed, the bending mandrel is pulled back from its working position into a retracted position and thus moved away from the bending tool. The bending mandrel is mounted at the end of a mandrel bar that extends on the bending-tool side in the longitudinal direction of the pipe. The mandrel bar extends through the entire feed carriage of the pipe feed unit and is held in place in a ~~mount~~mounting on the side of the latter facing away from the bending tool. For moving the bending mandrel, the ~~mount~~mounting with the mandrel bar retained by it travels in the longitudinal direction of the pipe under the action of a piston- and- cylinder assembly attached to the machine base.

To move the feed carriage and the bending mandrel, ~~the~~this prior- art design is relatively complex. ~~The~~Moreover, the movement of the mandrel- bar mount in the longitudinal direction of the pipe is spatially very restricted.

It is therefore the objective of this invention to improve ~~on the prior art~~  
~~design~~the prior art design by providing a novel bending pipe machine with a common

linear guide system and/or common drive system for the mandrel bar support and pipe holder.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It has now been found that the foregoing and related objects may be readily attained in a pipe bending machine comprising a machine base (2), a bending tool (3) mounted on the machine base (2), and a pipe feed unit (9) on the machine base (2) by which a pipe (6, 6a) to be bent can be advanced to the bending tool (3) in the longitudinal direction (12) of the pipe. The pipe feed unit includes a pipe holder (8) that is guided in the longitudinal pipe direction (12) by a linear guide system (16) on the machine base (2) and a pipe feed driven by a drive system (15) provided on the machine base.

A mandrel bar (20,20a) extending in the longitudinal direction of the pipe (6), and a mandrel retractor (19) on the machine base (2) with a bending mandrel (21) mounted at the bending tool end of the mandrel bar (20, 20a) can be moved back and forth between a working position. The mandrel retractor (19) includes a mandrel bar support (24) which in the longitudinal pipe direction (12) is guided by a linear guide system (16) on the machine base and can be moved by a mandrel bar drive operated by a drive system (15) on the machine base (2). The mandrel bar support (24) and the pipe holder (8) are movable by one common linear guide system (16) on the machine base and/or one common drive system (15) on the machine base.

Preferably, the pipe bending machine has a common linear guide system (16) for the mandrel bar support (24) and pipe holder (8) with at least one guide rail (17). The mandrel bar drive and the pipe feed drive employ rack-and-pinion drives, and the common drive system (15) on the machine base for moving the mandrel bar support

(24) and pipe holder (8) includes at least one rack that meshes with at least one pinion (26) on the mandrel bar support and with at least one pinion (14) on the pipe holder.

Desirably, the mandrel bar support (24) and the pipe holder (8) are respectively attached to a carriage (23, 10) or slide guided by a common linear guide system (16) on the machine base and/or driven by the common drive system (15) on the machine base. The mandrel bar support (24) is driven by means of a mandrel bar drive including at least one electric motor (22) on the mandrel bar.

Generally, the mandrel bar support (24) and the pipe holder pipe holder (8) is driven by means of a pipe feed drive unit including at least one electric motor (11) on the pipe holder as part of a common drive system (15) on the machine base. The mandrel bar support (24) and the pipe holder (8) can be driven by means of a numerically controlled mandrel bar drive unit and a numerically controlled pipe feed drive unit as part of a common drive system (15) on the machine base. The mandrel bar (20, 20a) on the mandrel bar support (24) is interchangeable with others of different length.

~~According to the invention, this objective is achieved with the pipe bending machine specified in patent claim 1. It incorporates~~  
As can be seen, the machine of the present invention provides a common linear guide system on the machine base and/or a common drive system for the mandrel bar support and pipe holder on the machine base. Due to the dual function of the said guide and/or drive system, the design is simple in terms of components needed for moving the mandrel bar support and the pipe holder. Design simplicity is also obtainable in the pipe bending machine ~~perof~~ of this invention by

using identical guide and/or drive system components for the mandrel bar support and pipe holder. Since the mandrel bar support can be operated ~~viaby~~ the linear guide system on the machine base and/or ~~viaby~~ the pipe-holder drive system on the machine base, the mandrel bar support can be moved in the longitudinal direction of the pipe over a substantial distance. ~~As a particular advantage, this~~

There is particularly advantageous since it allows for a flexible adaptation of the mandrel retraction to a wide range of varying pipe lengths to be processed. ~~That~~The pipe length determines in each case the point at which the pipe holder of the pipe feed system is positioned on the machine base in the longitudinal direction of the pipe at the beginning of the bending process. That initial position of the pipe holder in turn determines the position of the mandrel bar support in the longitudinal direction of the pipe. Even in the case of major pipe-length variations, the mandrel bar support in the pipe bending machine ~~of this invention~~ can follow the pipe holder as it is moved into its various initial positions. When short pipes are to be bent, the initial position of the pipe holder and that of the mandrel bar support will be correspondingly close to the bending tool. Accordingly, in pipe bending machines ~~perof~~ this invention, a short mandrel bar, conceivably designed for easy manipulation, ~~would suffice~~ is sufficient for mandrel retraction. If long pipes are to be bent, the pipe holder in its initial position and the mandrel bar support will be located at a correspondingly greater distance from the bending tool, for which purpose a long mandrel bar must be used.

~~Special design variations of the pipe bending machine per patent claim 1 are described in subclaims 2 to 7.~~

Claims 2 to 5 relate to design variations of the invention that feature a particularly practical configuration of the longitudinal i.e. linear guide and/or drive systems for the mandrel bar support and the pipe holder.

The characterizing feature in patent claim 6 is intended to maximize to the extent possible the automatability of mandrel retraction and pipe feed in pipe bending machines according to this invention.

The ability, in the preferred design version per claim 7, of interchanging mandrel bars on the mandrel bar support is significant in that it permits the easy conversion of the mandrel retractor of the pipe bending machine whenever varying pipe lengths are to be processed.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The following will explain this invention in more detail by way of an implementation example and with reference to the attached ~~diagrammatic~~ illustrationsdrawings in which:

Figure 1 is a perspective illustration of a pipe bending machine embodying the present invention in the initial phase of processing a long pipe;

Figure 2 is a ~~lateral~~side elevational view of the pipe bending machine of Figure 1;

Figure 3 shows the pipe bending machine of Figures 1 and 2 in an advanced processing phase of the long pipe;

Figure 4 is a perspective view of the pipe bending machine ~~per Figures of Figure 1 to 3~~ in the initial phase of processing a short pipe; and

Figure 5 is a ~~lateral~~side elevational view of the pipe bending machine ~~per of~~ Figure 4.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE ILLUSTRATED EMBODIMENT

As shown in Figure 1, a pipe bending machine ~~1 encompasses~~generally designated by the numeral 1 includes a machine base 2 equipped at one longitudinal end with a bending tool 3. ~~That generally designated by the numeral 3. The~~ bending tool 3 is a conventional, torsional bending tool suitable for left and right bending as well as for multi-plane bending. Other types of bending tools may be used in lieu of the bending tool illustrated.



In the operating state shown, a bending template 4 and a clamping jaw 5 of the bending tool 3 are clamping the forward end ~~of a pipe 6 which has already been bent~~ of a pipe 6. A slide rail 7 of the bending tool 3 serves in traditional fashion for the radial support of the pipe 6 in the region in which the unbent pipe section transitions into the bent pipe section. Instead of a pipe 6 with a circular cross section as shown, the pipe bending machine 1, when equipped with an appropriate bending tool 3, can also process tubular profiles with a noncircular cross section.

The far end of the pipe 6 ~~away~~spaced from the bending tool 3 is clamped in a pipe holder 8 in the form of a conventional chuck. The pipe holder 8 is part of a pipe feed unit 9 and as such it is positioned on a carriage 10 of the pipe feed unit 9. An electric motor 11, flange-mounted on the carriage 10, serves to drive the carriage 10 and the pipe holder 8 along with the clamped pipe 6 in the longitudinal pipe direction 12. To that effect the electric motor 11, by ~~way of~~ a gear system 13, drives a pinion 14 that meshes with a rack serving as the drive system 15 on the machine base. The pipe holder 8 and thus the pipe 6, when moved in the longitudinal pipe direction 12, is guided on the machine base by a linear guide system 16 that encompasses two guide rails 17. Counterstays 18 on the carriage 10 cooperate with the guide rails 17.

A mandrel retractor 19 is configured similar to the pipe feed unit 9. ~~It 9, and it~~ encompasses a mandrel bar 20 that protrudes through the carriage 10 and the pipe holder of the pipe feed unit 9 into the inside of the pipe 6 and is equipped at its end facing the bending tool 3 with a bending mandrel 21. During the bending process, the bending mandrel 21 is in its ~~traditional~~normal working position near the bending tool 3

as illustrated in Figures 1 to 3, thus preventing any undesirable cross-sectional deformation of the pipe in the area of the pipe curvature being produced. Just prior to completion of the bending process ~~a corresponding~~ movement of the mandrel bar 20 retracts the bending mandrel 21 from its working position in the longitudinal pipe direction 12.

The necessary linear movement of the mandrel bar 20 is ~~brought about~~ effected by ~~means of~~ an electric motor 22 that is flange-mounted on a carriage 23 of the mandrel retractor 19. The carriage 23 is provided with a mandrel bar support 24 on which the far end of the mandrel bar 20 ~~away~~ spaced from the bending tool 3 is detachably mounted. By way of a gear system 25 the electric motor 22 drives a pinion 26. As in the case of the pinion 14 of the pipe feed unit 9, the pinion 26 of the mandrel retractor 19 meshes with a drive system ~~15, constituted of~~ 15 provided by the rack, on the machine base ~~2~~. The carriage 23 of the mandrel retractor 19 is again guided in the longitudinal pipe direction 12 by the guide rails 17 of the linear guide system 16 on the machine base. The pipe feed unit 9 and the mandrel bar retractor 19 are CNC-controlled. The carriages 10, 23 can be moved in mutually disengaged fashion. In lieu of the rack drive shown, other drive configurations may be used, especially those with a drive rod on the machine base and/or with drive wheels on the carriages 10, 23.

Prior to the bending operation and with the bending tool 3 in its open initial position, the as yet unprocessed pipe 6 is slipped onto the mandrel bar 20 in the longitudinal pipe direction 12 and its rearward end is clamped onto the pipe holder 8. At this juncture the bending mandrel 21 may already be in its working position.

After the pipe 6 is clamped onto the pipe holder 8, the carriage 10 with pipe 6 is moved in the longitudinal pipe direction 12 and into the desired position. The bending tool 3 is then closed and the pipe 6 is clamped between the bending template 4 and the clamping jaw 5. The pipe bend shown in ~~fig.~~Figures 1 and 2 is produced by the subsequent torsional and rotational movement of the bending template 4 and of the clamping jaw 5. Just before the bending process is completed, the bending mandrel 21 is moved into a retracted position. Figures 1 to 3 depict the operating state just prior to this pull-back movement of the bending mandrel 21. For the retraction of the bending mandrel ~~21~~21, the carriage 23 of the mandrel retractor 19 with its attached mandrel bar 20 is correspondingly moved in the longitudinal pipe direction 12.

To continue the process, the next step is to open the bending tool 3 in its initial state and then to advance the pipe 6 relative to the bending tool 3 by moving the pipe feed unit 9 in the longitudinal pipe direction 12. That places the carriage 10 and the pipe holder 8 in the position illustrated in Figure 3. An appropriate movement of the carriage 23 with the mandrel bar support 24 and the mandrel bar 20 toward the bending tool 3 will place the bending mandrel 21 in its working position (~~shown in Figure 3~~).3. The bending tool 3 can then be closed and the pipe 6 can be processed as shown in Figure 3.

If, instead of a long pipe 6 ~~per as shown in Figures 1 to 3~~as shown in Figures 1 to 3, a short pipe 6a is to be processed as ~~indicated~~shown in Figures 4 and 5, a short mandrel bar 20a (~~shown in Figures 4, 4 and 5~~) is used in the pipe bending machine 1 in place of the long mandrel bar 20 (~~shown in Figures 1 to 3~~).3. To that effect the long mandrel bar 20 on the

mandrel bar support 24 can be replaced with a short mandrel bar 20a. When the pipe 6a is to be processed, the carriage 10 with the pipe holder 8 will be close to the end of the machine base 2 on the side of the bending tool-3. The carriage 23 with its attached mandrel bar 20a follows the carriage 10 of the pipe feed unit 9 into a position near the bending tool-3. In the process, both the carriage 23 of the mandrel retractor 19 and the carriage 10 of the pipe feed unit 9 are guided by the guide rails 17 of the linear guide system 16 on the machine base. Both the pinion 26 of the mandrel retractor 19 and the pinion 14 of the pipe feed unit 9 mesh with the rack, i.e., with the drive system 15, on the machine base. The processing of the short pipe 6a illustrated in ~~fig.~~Figures 4 and 5 follows the same steps as described in detail for the long pipe 6 with reference to Figures 1 to 3. Figures 4 and 5 show the bending mandrel 21 in its retracted position.

Thus, it can be seen from the foregoing detailed description and attached drawings that the bending machine provides a novel common drive or guide system for the pipe holder and mandrel bar support. This provides for economical construction and efficient operation.

## CLAIMS

Having thus described the invention, what is claimed is:

1. Pipe~~A pipe~~ bending machine comprising:

(a) ~~with a bending tool (3);~~

(a) a machine base (2);

~~(b) with~~ (b) a bending tool (3) mounted on the machine base

(2);

(c) a pipe feed unit (9) on the machine base (2) by means of which a  
pipe (6, 6a) to be bent can be advanced to the bending tool (3) in the longitudinal  
direction (12) of the pipe ~~and which is provided with~~ the pipe feed unit including a  
pipe holder (8) that is guided in the longitudinal pipe direction (12) by a linear  
guide system (16) on the machine base (2) ~~and can be moved by means of a pipe feed~~  
~~driven by a drive system (15) provided on~~ the machine base;

(d) a mandrel bar (20, 20a) extending in the longitudinal machine-  
base direction of the pipe (6); and

(ee) ~~with~~ a mandrel retractor (19) ~~by means of which~~ on the machine base (2) with a bending mandrel (21) mounted at the bending- tool end of ~~at the~~ mandrel bar (20, 20a) ~~that extends in the longitudinal pipe direction (12)~~ can be moved back and forth between a working position and a retracted position, said mandrel retractor (19) ~~featuring~~ including a mandrel bar support (24) which in the longitudinal pipe direction (12) is guided by a linear guide system (16) on the machine base and can be moved by ~~means of~~ a mandrel bar drive operated by a drive system (15) on the machine base (2), ~~characterized in that for moving the mandrel bar support (24) and the pipe holder (8) being movable by one common linear guide system (16) on the machine base and/or one common drive system (15) on the machine base is/are provided.~~

2. ~~Pipe~~The pipe bending machine as in claim 1, characterized in that ~~thein~~  
accordance with Claim 1 wherein a common linear guide system (16) for the mandrel  
bar support (24) and pipe holder (8) includes at least one guide rail (17).

3. ~~Pipe~~The pipe bending machine as in one of the preceding claims,  
~~characterized in that~~in accordance with Claim 1 wherein the mandrel bar drive and the  
pipe feed drive ~~are designed as~~employ rack-and-pinion drives and that the common  
drive system (15) on the machine base for moving the mandrel bar support (24) and  
pipe holder (8) includes at least one rack that meshes with at least one pinion (26) on  
the mandrel bar support and with at least one pinion (14) on the pipe holder-side.

4. ~~Pipe~~The pipe bending machine as in one of the preceding claims,  
~~characterized in that~~in accordance with Claim 1 wherein the mandrel bar support (24)  
and the pipe holder (8) are respectively attached to a carriage (23, 10) or slide guided  
by ~~thea~~ common linear guide system (16) on the machine base and/or driven by the  
common drive system (15) on the machine base.

5. ~~Pipe~~The pipe bending machine as in one of the preceding claims,  
~~characterized in that~~in accordance with Claim 1 wherein  
the mandrel bar support (24) ~~can be~~is driven by means of a mandrel bar drive including  
at least one electric motor (22) on the mandrel bar-side ~~and/or that the pipe holder (8)~~  
~~can be driven by.~~

~~means of a pipe feed drive unit including at least one electric motor (11) on the pipe~~  
~~holder~~  
~~side as part of the common drive system (15) on the machine base.~~



6. ~~The pipe bending machine as in one of the preceding claims,~~  
~~characterized in that~~ in accordance with Claim 1 wherein the mandrel bar support (24)  
and the pipe holder pipe holder (8) can be driven by means of a ~~numerically-~~  
~~controlled mandrel bar drive unit and a numerically controlled pipe-pipe~~ feed drive unit  
including at least one electric motor (11) on the pipe holder as part of the a common  
drive system (15) on the machine base.

7. The pipe bending machine in accordance with Claim 1 wherein  
the mandrel bar support (24) and the pipe holder (8) can be driven by means of a  
numerically controlled mandrel bar drive unit and a numerically controlled pipe feed  
drive unit as part of a common drive system (15) on the machine base.

7. ~~Pipe bending machine as in one of the preceding claims, characterized in~~  
~~that~~

8. The pipe bending machine in accordance with Claim 1 wherein the  
mandrel bar (20, 20a) on the mandrel bar support (24) is interchangeable.

**Abstract**

9. A pipe bending machine comprising:

(a) a machine base (2);

(b) a bending tool (3) mounted on the machine base (2);

(c) a pipe feed unit (9) on the machine base (2) by which a pipe (6, 6a) to be bent can be advanced to the bending tool (3) in the longitudinal direction (12) of the pipe, the pipe feed unit including a pipe holder (8) that is guided in the longitudinal pipe direction (12) by a linear guide system (16) on the machine base (2) and a pipe feed driven by a drive system (15) provided on the machine base;

(d) a mandrel bar (20,20a) extending in the longitudinal direction of the pipe (6);

(e) a mandrel retractor (19) on the machine base (2) with a bending mandrel (21) mounted at the bending tool end of the mandrel bar (20, 20a) can be moved back and forth between a working position and a retracted position. said mandrel retractor (19) including a mandrel bar support (24) which in the longitudinal pipe direction (12) is guided by a linear guide system (16) on the machine base and can be moved by a mandrel bar drive operated by a drive system (15) on the machine base (2), the mandrel bar support (24) and the pipe holder (8) being movable by one common linear guide system (16) on the machine base and/or one common drive system (15) on the machine base is/are provided. said common linear guide system (16) for the mandrel bar support (24) and pipe holder (8) includes at least one guide rail (17), said mandrel bar drive and the pipe feed drive employing rack-and-pinion drives, said common drive system (15) on the machine base for moving the mandrel bar support (24) and pipe holder (8) includes at least one rack that meshes with at least one pinion (26) on the mandrel bar support and with at least one pinion (14) on the pipe holder, and wherein said mandrel bar support (24) and the pipe holder (8) can be driven by means of a numerically controlled mandrel bar drive unit and a numerically controlled pipe feed drive unit as part of a common drive system (15) on the machine base.

10. The pipe bending machine in accordance with Claim 9 wherein the mandrel bar support (24) and the pipe holder (8) are respectively attached to a carriage (23, 10) or slide guided by a common linear guide system (16) on the machine base and/or driven by the common drive system (15) on the machine base.

## ABSTRACT

A pipe bending machine (1) ~~encompasses~~includes a bending tool (3), a pipe feed unit (9) ~~as well as~~and a mandrel retractor (19). A pipe holder (8) of the pipe feed unit (9) and a mandrel bar support (24) of the mandrel retractor (19) are guided in the longitudinal pipe direction (12) by a common linear guide system (16) on the machine base. Alternatively or in addition, ~~thereto~~ the pipe holder (8) and the mandrel bar support (24) can be moved in the longitudinal pipe direction (12) by a common drive system (15) on the machine base.